

كلية الهندسة
قسم هندسة النفط
الزمن: 3 ساعات
أستاذ المقرر: أ. وليد بن صالح

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ملاحظات: الرجاء تسليم ورقة الامتحان مع كراسة الاجابة

Question 1: (15 Points).

The following data are for a flowing oil well:

Well depth (d) = 7500 ft

Flowline diameter = 4 inch I.D

Tubing diameter = 2 inch tubing I.D.

Flowline length = 4000 ft

Well head Pressure (P_{wh}) = 100 psi

Flow rate (q_o) = 600 bpd (All oil)

Reservoir Pressure (P_r) = 1680 psi

Productivity index (P.I.) = 1 (Assume linear IPR)

- A. Find the required Gas-Liquid Ratio (G/L) for this well to flow.
B. Estimate Separator pressure (P_{sep}) (for this part B, assume all water is flowing in the flow line at same rate (600 bpd) and same Gas-Liquid ratio calculated in part A)

Question 2: (15 points).

Given are two flow tests for a well in a saturated reservoir, find P_r and q_{max}

Well Data:

Well depth (d) = 6700 ft

Gas-liquid ration (G/L) = 500 scf/stb

Tubing I.D = 2 inch (all oil)

Test 1	Test 2
$q_o = 1000$ bpd	$q_o = 600$ bpd
$P_{wh} = 200$ psi	$P_{wh} = 400$ psi

Question 3: (10 Points)

- A. Graphically show the pressure profile for an undamaged well, damaged well and a stimulated well.
B. Write the *balanced chemical reaction equation* for the following reactions:
 - Limestone formation with HCl Acid.
 - Dolomite formation with HCl Acid.

Question 4: (20 Points):

The following data are for a flowing oil well

Reservoir Pressure (P_r) = 3000 psi

Gas-Liquid Ratio (G/L) 400 scf/bbl

Well head Pressure (P_{wh}) = 120 psi

Well Depth (d) = 8000 ft

Productivity Index (P.I.) = 1.3 (Assume linear IPR)

Tubing Diameter = 2 inch I.D

Determine the following:

- A. Operating flow rate q_o to flow the well.
- B. Using **Gilbert Correlations**, estimate the choke size that will produce the well at this flow rate (From part A).
- C. Flow rate resulting from a choke size of 20/64
- D. Flow rate resulting from a choke size of 32/64

Appendix:

Gilbert two-phase choke correlation and constants.

$$P_1 - D = \frac{A \times q_L \times F_{gl}^B}{d_{64}^C}$$

P_1 = Upstream pressure psia.

q_L = Liquid flow rate stb/day.

F_{gl} = Gas-Liquid Ratio scf/stb.

d_{64} = Choke diameter in 64th of an inch.

Correlation	A	B	C	D
Gilbert (1954)	10.00	0.546	1.89	14.7